

Tutorial Sheet - 8

SPRING 2017

MATHEMATICS-II (MA10002)

January 2, 2017

1. Discuss the convergence of improper integrals using definition:

$$(i) \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^4} dx$$

$$(ii) \int_{10}^\infty \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$$

$$(iii) \int_0^1 \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$$

$$(iv) \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

$$(v) \int_1^2 \frac{4x}{(x^2 - 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

$$(vi) \int_1^\infty \frac{x+1}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$(vii) \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{1}{(3-x)^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx$$

$$(viii) \int_{-2}^\infty \sin(x) dx$$

$$(ix) \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$(x) \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x \ln^2 x} dx$$

2. Discuss the convergence of the following integrals :

$$(i) \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$(ii) \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{x + e^x} dx$$

$$(iii) \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{x^2 + xe^x} dx$$

$$(iv) \int_0^\infty \frac{1 - \cos(x)}{x^2} dx$$

$$(v) \int_1^\infty \frac{x}{(1+x)^3} dx$$

$$(vi) \int_1^\infty \frac{x}{3x^4 + 5x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$(vii) \int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-|x|} dx$$

$$(viii) \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x}{e^x} dx$$

$$(ix) \int_1^\infty e^{x+x^{-1}} dx$$

$$(x) \int_0^1 \frac{e^x}{x^2} dx$$

3. Examine the convergence of the following integrals :

$$(i) \int_0^1 \frac{1}{(x+2)\sqrt{x(1-x)}} dx$$

$$(ii) \int_0^\infty x^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-x} dx$$

$$(iii) \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}(1+x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

$$(iv) \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{x^3 + x}} dx$$

$$(v) \int_0^1 \frac{x^{p-1}}{1-x} dx$$

4. Prove that $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x^m}{\sin(x)^n} dx$ is convergent iff $n < m + 1$

5. Show that the improper integral $\int_0^1 \frac{\sin(\frac{1}{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ is convergent.

6. Prove that the integral $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{e^x} \right) \frac{1}{x} dx$ is convergent

7. Test the convergent of $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx$

8. Explain the convergence of $\int_0^1 \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

9. Show that $\int_0^1 x^{m-1}(1-x)^{n-1} dx$ is convergent iff m, n are both positive.

10. Show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\tan^{-1}(ax) - \tan^{-1}(bx)}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)$ $0 < b < a$

11. Prove that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(x)(1-\cos(x))}{x^2} dx = \log 2$

