

CS21001 Discrete Structures

Autumn 2009–10

Tutorial: Probability, Recurrence Relations, Pigeonhole principle

1. Solve:

(a) $f(n) = 2f(n-1) + n$ for $n \geq 1$ and $f(0) = 0$.

(b) $f(n) = 2f(\sqrt{n}) + \log n$ for $n > 2$ and $f(2) = 0$.

2. Show that of any 5 points chosen in an unit square, there are two points which will be at most $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ units apart.

3. The distance travelled by a particle moving in the horizontal direction in each second is equal to twice the distance it travelled in the previous one. Let s_i denote the position of the particle in the i^{th} second. Determine s_i given that $s_0 = 3$ and $s_1 = 10$.

4. A coin lands with head with a probability p . Let t_n be the probability that after n independent tosses, the number of heads are even. Derive a recursion that relates t_n to t_{n-1} , and solve this recursion to establish the formula

$$t_n = \frac{1 + (1 - 2p)^n}{2}$$

5. Use generating functions to solve the following recurrence relations:

(a) $F_0 = 1, F_1 = 1, F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$ for $n \geq 2$.

(b) $a_0 = 1, a_1 = 3, a_n = 4a_{n-1} - 4a_{n-2}$ for $n \geq 2$.

6. A salesman sells at least one car everyday for 60 consecutive days, with an average of 1.5 cars per day. Show that there must be a period of consecutive days during which he sells exactly 29 cars.

7. 51 integers are chosen from the set $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 100\}$. Show that one of the chosen integers is a multiple of another.

8. N queens are placed in distinct squares of an $N \times N$ chessboard, with all possible placements being equally likely. A queen is free to move along horizontally or vertically, however no diagonal movement is allowed. What is the probability that no queen intersects the rest ?

9. A hunter has two hunting dogs. One day, on the trail of some animal, the hunter comes to a place where the road diverges into two paths. He is aware that, each dog, independent of the other, will choose the correct path with probability p . The hunter decides to let each dog choose a path and if they agree, take that one and if they disagree, to randomly pick a path. Is his strategy better than just letting one of the two dogs decide on a path ?

10. The numbers 1 to 10 are arranged in random order around a circle. Show that there are 3 consecutive numbers whose sum is at least 17.