

Mathematical Preliminaries

Vectors

Compact notation: $\vec{v}$, $\underline{v}$

Component notation: $\underline{v} = v_1 \hat{e}_1 + v_2 \hat{e}_2 + v_3 \hat{e}_3 \rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^3 v_i \hat{e}_i \rightarrow v_i \hat{e}_i$

$\underline{v} = v'_1 \hat{e}'_1 + v'_2 \hat{e}'_2 + v'_3 \hat{e}'_3 \rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^3 v'_i \hat{e}'_i \rightarrow v'_i \hat{e}'_i$



Matrix representation: $\begin{bmatrix} \underline{v} \\ \underline{v} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix}$ OR $\begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_2 & v_3 \end{bmatrix}$

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Index notation

$$\underline{v} = v_i, \quad i=1,2,3$$

Rules of index notation

1. No summation sign or unit vectors are written

2. A repeated index indicates summation

$$a_i b_i = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + a_3 b_3$$

3. A repeated index is like a dummy index and it can be replaced by any other letter

$$a_i b_i = a_j b_j = a_p b_p = \dots$$

4. An index repeated more than once is meaningless

$$a_i b_i c_i \quad \times$$

5. The number of free indices denotes the order of the tensor of that term

$a_i \rightarrow$ tensor of order 1 (vector)

$b_i c_i \rightarrow$ tensor of order 0 (scalar)

$A_{kkj} \rightarrow$ tensor of order 1

$T_{lm} \rightarrow$ tensor of order 2

$C_{ijkl} \rightarrow$ tensor of order 4

Mathematical Preliminaries ... contd.

$$\hat{e}_1 \cdot \hat{e}_1 = 1, \quad \hat{e}_1 \cdot \hat{e}_2 = 0, \quad \dots \quad \hat{e}_2 \cdot \hat{e}_3 = 0, \quad \hat{e}_3 \cdot \hat{e}_3 = 1$$

$$\hat{e}_i \cdot \hat{e}_j = \begin{cases} 1, & i=j \\ 0, & i \neq j \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{e}_i \cdot \hat{e}_j = \underbrace{\delta_{ij}}_{\rightarrow \text{Kronecker Delta}}$$

Dot Product

$$\underline{\underline{a}} \cdot \underline{\underline{b}} = (a_1 \hat{e}_1 + a_2 \hat{e}_2 + a_3 \hat{e}_3) \cdot (b_1 \hat{e}_1 + b_2 \hat{e}_2 + b_3 \hat{e}_3) = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + a_3 b_3 = a_i b_i$$

$$\underline{\underline{a}} \cdot \underline{\underline{b}} = (a_i \hat{e}_i) \cdot (b_j \hat{e}_j) = a_i b_j \hat{e}_i \cdot \hat{e}_j = a_i b_j \delta_{ij} = a_i b_i = a_j b_j$$

$$(b_j \delta_{ij} = b_i) \quad (a_i \delta_{ij} = a_j)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\begin{bmatrix} \underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} \underline{a} \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} \underline{b} \end{bmatrix} \\&= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix} \\&= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix} \\&= a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + a_3 b_3 \\&= a_i b_i\end{aligned}$$

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$$[\underline{\underline{a}}][\underline{\underline{b}}]^T = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 b_1 & a_1 b_2 & a_1 b_3 \\ a_2 b_1 & a_2 b_2 & a_2 b_3 \\ a_3 b_1 & a_3 b_2 & a_3 b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= a_i b_j \rightarrow \text{Tensor of order 2}$$

$$\equiv \underline{\underline{a}} \otimes \underline{\underline{b}}$$

↑ Outer product OR Dyadic product

$$\underline{\underline{b}} \otimes \underline{\underline{a}} \neq \underline{\underline{a}} \otimes \underline{\underline{b}} \quad \text{In fact, } [\underline{\underline{b}} \otimes \underline{\underline{a}}] = [\underline{\underline{a}} \otimes \underline{\underline{b}}]^T$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ T \approx \otimes v = A \rightarrow T_{ij} v_k \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ \text{2nd order} \quad \text{1st order} \quad \text{3rd order} \end{array}$$

Contraction
Dot product is a special case of contraction
i.e. $a \cdot b$

Contraction:
Dot product is a special case of contraction as $a:b$.

$a_i b_j \rightarrow \text{Contraction} \rightarrow a_i b_i \text{ OR } a_j b_j$

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$$T_{ik} v_k = T_{i1} v_1 + T_{i2} v_2 + T_{i3} v_3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} v_1 + T_{12} v_2 + T_{13} v_3 \\ T_{21} v_1 + T_{22} v_2 + T_{23} v_3 \\ T_{31} v_1 + T_{32} v_2 + T_{33} v_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} T \\ \approx \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ \approx \end{bmatrix} \equiv \underline{T} \cdot \underline{v}$$

$$T_{kj} v_k = T_{1j} v_1 + T_{2j} v_2 + T_{3j} v_3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} v_1 + T_{21} v_2 + T_{31} v_3 \\ T_{12} v_1 + T_{22} v_2 + T_{32} v_3 \\ T_{13} v_1 + T_{23} v_2 + T_{33} v_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} T \\ \approx \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} v \\ \approx \end{bmatrix} \equiv \underline{T}^T \cdot \underline{v}$$

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$$\hat{e}_1 \otimes \hat{e}_1 \equiv [\hat{e}_1] [\hat{e}_1]^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{e}_1 \otimes \hat{e}_2 \equiv [\hat{e}_1] [\hat{e}_2]^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1 \\ \hat{e}_2 \\ \hat{e}_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1 & \hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\underline{T}} &= T_{ij} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_j \\
 &= T_{11} \hat{e}_1 \otimes \hat{e}_1 + T_{12} \hat{e}_1 \otimes \hat{e}_2 + T_{13} \hat{e}_1 \otimes \hat{e}_3 + \dots T_{32} \hat{e}_3 \otimes \hat{e}_2 \\
 &\quad + T_{33} \hat{e}_3 \otimes \hat{e}_3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\equiv \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} & T_{12} & T_{13} \\ T_{21} & T_{22} & T_{23} \\ T_{31} & T_{32} & T_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\underline{T}} \cdot \underline{\underline{v}} &= \left(T_{ij} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_j \right) \cdot \left(v_k \hat{e}_k \right) \\
 &= T_{ij} v_k \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_j \cdot \hat{e}_k \\
 &= T_{ij} v_k \hat{e}_i \delta_{jk} = T_{ik} v_k \hat{e}_i \quad \text{OR} \quad T_{ij} v_j \hat{e}_i
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\underset{\sim}{T}^T \cdot \underset{\sim}{v} = \left(T_{ij} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_i \right) \cdot \left(v_k \hat{e}_k \right)$$

$$= T_{ij} v_k \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_i \cdot \hat{e}_k$$

$$= T_{ij} v_k \hat{e}_j \delta_{ik}$$

$$= T_{kj} v_k \hat{e}_j \quad \text{OR} \quad T_{ij} v_i \hat{e}_j$$

$$\underset{\sim}{A} \cdot \underset{\sim}{B} = \left(A_{ij} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_j \right) \cdot \left(B_{kl} \hat{e}_k \otimes \hat{e}_l \right)$$

$$= A_{ij} B_{kl} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_j \cdot \hat{e}_k \otimes \hat{e}_l$$

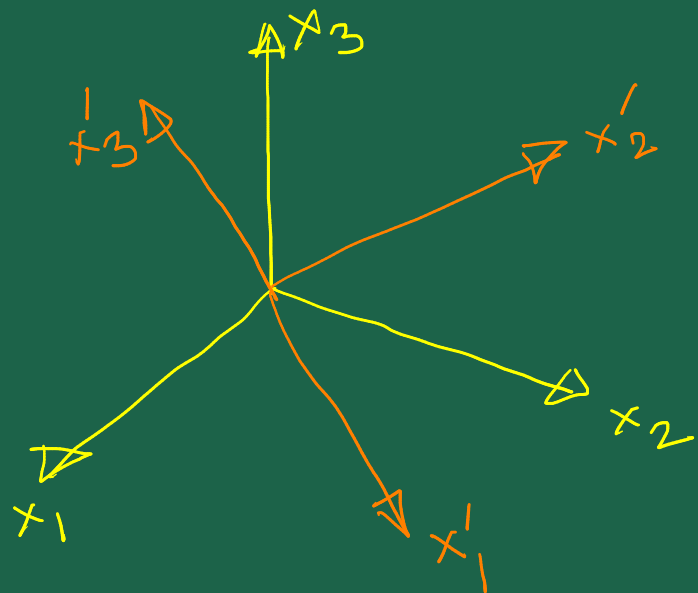
$$= A_{ij} B_{kl} \delta_{jk} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_l$$

$$= A_{ik} B_{kl} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_l \quad \text{OR} \quad A_{ij} B_{jl} \hat{e}_i \otimes \hat{e}_l$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\underset{\approx}{A}^T \cdot \underset{=}{B} &= \left(A_{ij} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_i \right) \cdot \left(B_{kl} \hat{e}_k \otimes \hat{e}_l \right) \\
&= A_{ij} B_{kl} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_i \cdot \hat{e}_k \otimes \hat{e}_l \\
&= A_{ij} B_{kl} \delta_{ik} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_l \\
&= A_{kj} B_{kl} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_l \quad \text{OR} \quad A_{ij} B_{il} \hat{e}_j \otimes \hat{e}_l
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematical Preliminaries ... contd.

Coordinate Transformations



$$\cos(x'_1, x_1) = Q_{11}$$

$$\cos(x'_1, x_2) = Q_{12}$$

$$\cos(x'_2, x_3) = Q_{23}$$

$$\hat{e}'_1 = Q_{11}\hat{e}_1 + Q_{12}\hat{e}_2 + Q_{13}\hat{e}_3$$

$$\hat{e}'_2 = Q_{21}\hat{e}_1 + Q_{22}\hat{e}_2 + Q_{23}\hat{e}_3$$

$$\hat{e}'_3 = Q_{31}\hat{e}_1 + Q_{32}\hat{e}_2 + Q_{33}\hat{e}_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}'_1 \\ \hat{e}'_2 \\ \hat{e}'_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & Q_{13} \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & Q_{23} \\ Q_{31} & Q_{32} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1 \\ \hat{e}_2 \\ \hat{e}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{e}'_i = Q_{ij}\hat{e}_j$$

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$$\hat{e}_1 = Q_{11}\hat{e}'_1 + Q_{21}\hat{e}'_2 + Q_{31}\hat{e}'_3$$

$$\hat{e}_2 = Q_{12}\hat{e}'_1 + Q_{22}\hat{e}'_2 + Q_{32}\hat{e}'_3$$

$$\hat{e}_3 = Q_{13}\hat{e}'_1 + Q_{23}\hat{e}'_2 + Q_{33}\hat{e}'_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1 \\ \hat{e}_2 \\ \hat{e}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{21} & Q_{31} \\ Q_{12} & Q_{22} & Q_{32} \\ Q_{13} & Q_{23} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}'_1 \\ \hat{e}'_2 \\ \hat{e}'_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{e}_i = Q_{ji}\hat{e}'_j$$

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$$\underline{v} = v_i \hat{e}_i = v'_i \hat{e}'_i = v'_j \hat{e}'_j$$

$$v_i \hat{e}_i = v'_j \hat{e}'_j$$

$$\Rightarrow v_i \hat{e}_i = v'_j Q_{ji} \hat{e}_i$$

$$\Rightarrow v_i = v'_j Q_{ji}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_i = Q_{ji} v'_j$$

$$v'_j \hat{e}'_j = v_i \hat{e}_i$$

$$\Rightarrow v'_j \hat{e}'_j = v_i Q_{ji} \hat{e}'_j$$

$$\Rightarrow v'_j = Q_{ji} v_i = Q_{jk} v_k$$

$$v_i = Q_{ji} v'_j$$

$$= Q_{ji} Q_{jk} v_k$$

$$\therefore v_k \delta_{ik} = Q_{ji} Q_{jk} v_k$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{ji} Q_{jk} = \delta_{ik}$$

$$\underline{Q}^T \cdot \underline{Q} = \underline{I}$$

$$\begin{cases} \hat{e}'_i = Q_{ij} \hat{e}_j \\ \hat{e}'_j = Q_{jp} \hat{e}_p \\ \quad = Q_{ji} \hat{e}_i \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{[I]} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v'_i = Q_{ip} v_p$$

$$T'_{ij} = a'_i b'_j$$

$$= Q_{ip} a_p Q_{jq} b_q$$

$$= Q_{ip} Q_{jq} a_p b_q$$

$$= Q_{ip} Q_{jq} T_{pq}$$

$$A'_{ijk} = Q_{ip} Q_{jq} Q_{kr} A_{pqr}$$