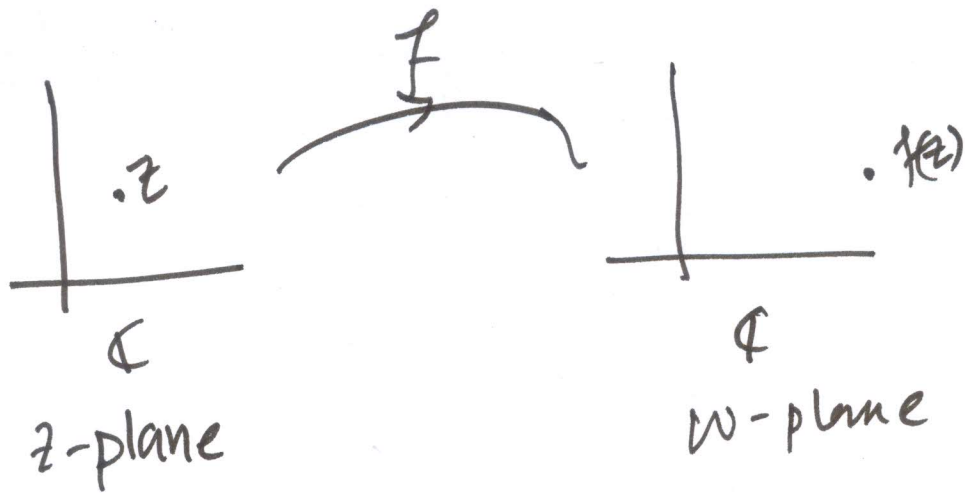
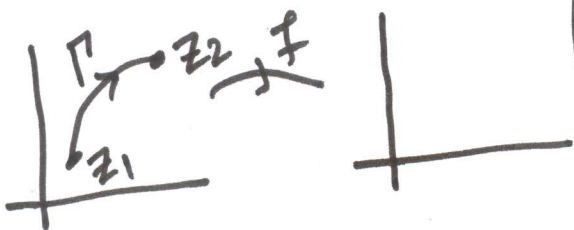


LEC-22



Complex Integration

LINE Integration



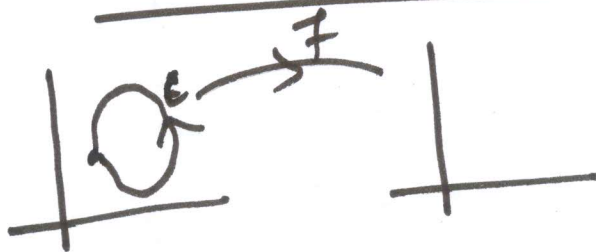
$$\int_{\pi} f(z) dz$$

Trick: parametrization of π
(either given / find out)

$$= \int_{t_0}^{t_1} f(z(t)) z'(t) dt$$

where $z(t) = \pi(t), t_0 \leq t \leq t_1$

Contour Integration



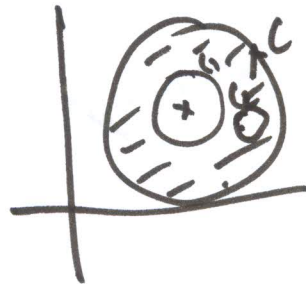
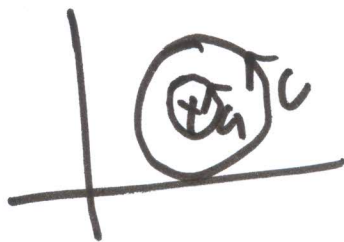
$$\oint_C f(z) dz$$

Trick

Look at the domain where the f is analytic
 \rightarrow simply connected
 \rightarrow multiply connected

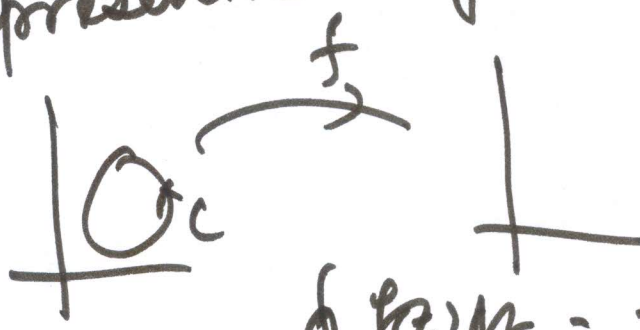
Cauchy

$$\oint_C f(z) dz = 0$$



Cauchy's Integral Formula (CIF)

The value of an analytic f. f at any point z_0 in a simply connected domain can be represented by a contour integral.


$$\oint_C f(z) dz = f(z_0) ??$$

Formula. Let f be an analytic f. on a simply connected domain D and C be any (simply closed) contour lying entirely within D . Then for any point z_0 within C ,

$$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z-z_0} dz.$$

