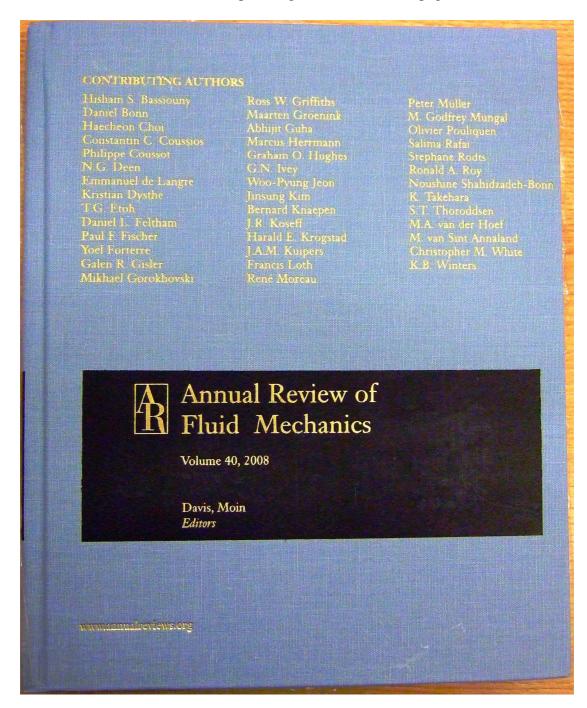
Link to the PDF of the article reprint is given on the second page below.



The Journal is published from Palo Alto, USA, and has an Impact Factor of 12.5. Each year only one single issue is published and contains about 15 articles written by invited authors worldwide.

Guha A. 2008. Transport and deposition of particles in turbulent and laminar flow, *Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics*, 40:311-341.

ARTICLE REPRINTS

Copy and Paste the following web address and get a PDF file for personal use only. Make sure there is no gap introduced in the web address due to segmentation.

http://arjournals.annualreviews.org/eprint/npudHgc389czRfy9H5Ue/full/
10.1146/annurev.fluid.40.111406.102220

"I am pleased to provide you complimentary one-time access to my Annual Reviews article as a PDF file ([Author: place e-print URL here]), for your own personal use. Any further/multiple distribution, publication, or commercial usage of this copyrighted material requires submission of a permission request addressed to the Annual Reviews Permissions Department, email permissions@annualreviews.org."

Transport and Deposition of Particles in Turbulent and Laminar Flow

Abhijit Guha

Aerospace Engineering Department, University of Bristol, Bristol BS8 1TR, United Kingdom; email: A.Guha@bristol.ac.uk

Annu. Rev. Fluid Mech. 2008.40:311-341. Downloaded from arjournals annualreviews.org by University of Bristol Library on 01/23/08. For personal use only.

Annu. Rev. Fluid Mech. 2008. 40:311-41

The Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics is online at fluid.annual reviews.org

10.1146/annurev.fluid.40.111406.102220

Copyright © 2008 by Annual Reviews. All rights reserved

0066-4189/08/0115-0311\$20.00

Key Words

turbulent, diffusion, turbophoresis, thermophoresis, inertial impaction, Lagrangian tracking, Eulerian advection-diffusion

Abstract

This article reviews the physical processes responsible for the transport and deposition of particles and their theoretical modeling. Both laminar and turbulent processes are considered, emphasizing the physical understanding of the various transport mechanisms. State-of-the-art computational methods for determining particle motion and deposition are discussed, including stochastic Lagrangian particle tracking and a unified Eulerian advection-diffusion approach. The theory presented includes Brownian and turbulent diffusion, turbophoresis, thermophoresis, inertial impaction, gravitational settling, electrical forces, and the effects of surface roughness and particle interception. The article describes two example applications: the deposition of particles in the human respiratory tract and deposition in gas and steam turbines.